

History of Sustainability

Sustainability has been around since 500 BC, however during this time human activity had very little impact on the environment. Ancient Egypt demonstrated sustainable water management by harnessing the Nile river's flood cycle with dams, enriching farming practices.

However, the **Industrial Revolution** greatly impacted the environment, primarily due to the increment in factories which led to the reliance of fossil fuels.



1856 – Eunice Newton Foote identified CO₂ as a greenhouse gas.



<u>1896</u> – Svante Arrhenius mathematically quantified the warning effects of CO₂. If CO₂ in the atmosphere is reduced by half it could lower the temperature in Europe to 4-5° Celsius.



<u>1962</u> – Rachel Carson's 'Silent Spring' book raises awareness of pesticides' dangers in the environment and public health.



1970 – The first Earth Day was established, highlighting the importance of environmental issues and sustainability.



<u>1972</u> – The UN Stockholm Conference on Human Environment, leading to the creation of UNEP.



<u>1992</u> – Earth Summit in Rio de Janeiro led to the development of Agenda 21, which is a framework for sustainable development.











